

SMART CITY CHALLENGE 2025 City Challenge

Max 3 pages

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Challenge Title – Scanning for circularity

Rotterdam, The Netherlands and Tallin, Estonia

Main contact from your city/county – Roland van der Heijden, CIO Office, Chief Citiverse Officer, rjmm.vanderheijden@rotterdam.nl, +31 6 2284 4924

1. What is the future urban challenge that would need a solution to?

Category: Climate Resilient City

Challenge Overview

Rotterdam and its neighboring municipalities face a major challenge in transitioning toward circular construction and energy-efficient buildings. A key barrier is the lack of insight into existing building materials — especially when planning renovations or insulation upgrades. Without accurate data on material types, quantities, and conditions, it's difficult to:

- Assess reuse potential.
- Plan sustainable retrofits.
- Comply with circular economy and energy regulations.
 This challenge is amplified in older urban areas where documentation is incomplete or outdated.

Why It's Important

- Circular material use reduces waste and carbon emissions.
- Building insulation is critical for energy efficiency and climate goals.
- Accurate material data enables targeted interventions, reducing costs and improving impact.
- Solving this is a high priority for Rotterdam's climate strategy and renovation roadmap.

Is This a Unique Challenge?

This is not unique to Rotterdam. Many European cities with aging building stock — such as Tallin, Brussels, Berlin, and Milan — face similar issues. The challenge is especially relevant for cities aiming to meet EU renovation wave targets and circular economy directives.

2. Innovation.



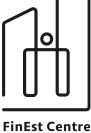












for Smart Cities

Rotterdam has begun exploring drone-based scanning technologies to identify building materials from façades and rooftops. These scans can be processed using AI to recognize material types and insulation status. However, current solutions face limitations:

- Accuracy and reliability of material recognition algorithms.
- Lack of legal validation for using this data in official renovation planning or subsidy applications.
- Fragmented data ecosystems, making it hard to integrate scan results with city planning tools. To overcome this, the future solution must:
- Combine drone scans with Al-powered material recognition.
- Be validated by researchers to ensure scientific and legal credibility.
- Integrate with city databases and renovation planning platforms.
- Be scalable and adaptable to different building typologies and urban contexts.

3. Expected impact of your pilot solution.

Impact on the City Environment

- Accelerated transition to circular construction.
- Reduced material waste and carbon footprint.
- Improved energy efficiency through targeted insulation upgrades.

Impact on Citizens

- Better access to subsidized renovations and energy-saving measures.
- Healthier living environments due to improved insulation and reduced emissions.
- Increased trust in city-led sustainability initiatives.

Impact on City Governance

- Data-driven renovation planning.
- Enhanced ability to meet EU climate and circularity targets.
- Reduced administrative burden through automated material assessments.

Piloting

Rotterdam is highly motivated to become a piloting partner for this solution because it aligns directly with our strategic goals in circular construction, energy efficiency, and climate resilience. We are actively seeking innovative ways to accelerate building renovations and insulation upgrades, and gaining accurate insight into existing materials is a critical missing link.



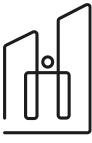












FinEst Centre for Smart Cities

We already have experience in **urban data ecosystems**, and have begun exploring **drone-based scanning technologies**. Our city has the technical infrastructure, stakeholder networks, and policy frameworks to support a real-world pilot. We also collaborate closely with local universities and research institutes, which positions us well to **validate and refine Albased material recognition models** in line with legal and regulatory standards.

By participating in this pilot, we aim to:

- Improve renovation planning and circular material reuse.
- Support legal acceptance of new technologies through research-backed validation.
- Share learnings with other cities facing similar challenges.

Rotterdam's capability to participate includes:

- Access to diverse building typologies for testing.
- Strong partnerships with academic and technical experts.
- A governance structure open to innovation and cross-border collaboration.











